: NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, JULY 2, 1884.

THE HOUSE RECEDES ONCE.

ACCEPTING THE POST OFFICE BILL.

SENATE AMENDMENTS AGREED TO-THE AMENDED NAVAL BILL REJECTED AT RANDALL'S COMMAND,

IBT TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. WASHINGTON, July1.—The Democratic majority in the House has at last been induced to recede from its disagreement to the Senate amendments to the Post Office Appropriation bill. The "economists," led by Mr. Townshend, of Illinois, who had charge of the bill, made a stubborn fight, but they were defeated at every point. The item for inland mail transportation on railroad routes is raised from \$11,700 to \$12,750. The provision reducing the compensation to ail railroad companies for transportation of mails five per cent per annum is stricken out of the bill, as also is the provision that only fifty per centum of the compensation authorized to be paid to other railroad companies shall be paid to companies which receive subsidies or land grants from the general Government.

On the motion to agree to the action of the Senate on the previsions above named, the fellowing Democrats voted in the affirmative: James E. Campbell, Candler, Dargan, Dester, Elliott, Farley, Finerty, Follett, Foran, Graves, Hancock, S. Hewitt, G. W. Hewitt, Houseman, Jordan, King, Mitchell. Morey, Morse, Muldrow, Mutchler, J. J. O'Neill, Post, Rankin, Reese, W. F. Rogers, ticket. Seymour, C. A. Sumner, Throckmorton, Tillman, Van Eaton, A. J. Warner and Woodward.

The Senate amendment to change the appropriation for the pay of railway post office clerks from \$1,400,000 to \$4,300,000 was agreed to by a yea and nay vote-123 to 99. The agreement on the Post Office bill insures an agreement on the Army bill where the only matter in controversy is the one relating to the compensation to be paid to subsidized railroads for the transportation of troops and military stores.

MR. RANDALL'S PARTISAN ATTACKS.

The House stands by its refusal to agree to the Senate amendments to the Naval bill, which provide, first, for the building of new cruisers, and second, for the completion of the iron-clad doubleturretted meaiters. Mr. Randall, who had charge of the conference report, made a bitter partisan speech in defence of the action of the House conferences. He said there seemed to be a hope on the part of the Senate conferces that the House would recede, but unless there was a positive instruction otherwise by the House itself, the conferees would yield nothing. Mr. Kandall criticised the crubers now building and cited the opinion of one or two naval officers that they will prove a failure. In regard to the monitors, he reproduced the arguused by Abram S. Hewitt in his speech on that subject. Mr. Randall also took occasion to allude to the recent discoveries of fraud in the Navy Depart ment as an additional reason why the American Navy shall be allowed to remain in its present dis-THE NAVY DEPARTMENT INVESTIGATION.

To this Mr. Calkins, one of the House conferees, replied by saying that he would be in possession furing the day of the papers showing the efforts made by Democratic Representatives and Senators to have Surgeon General Wales retained in the place be occupied when the irregularities were committed by subordinates in the Eureau, of Medicine and Surgery. It would be found, he said, that the present Secretary of the Navy, despite the strong recommendations of Democrats as well as Republicans, had opposed the reappointment of Surgeon-General Wales, and the Secretary therefore should General Wales, and the Secretary therefore should be praced rather than blamed. The Secretary's action, in making a strict investigation, which fed to the arrest of several subordinates in the depart-ment, as well as of several business men who are charged with being in colinson with the dishonest subordinates of Surgeon-General Wales's Burean, had again demonstrated his notificiness and efficiency as the head of the Navy Department. Air, Calkins sud that he for one was willing that there should be put in the bill a clause that the new vessels should not be begun until the ones now building were tested, which would be before cold weather, but that was not what was desired.

Mr. Reed wanted to know why, if the present sufeguards were not sufficient, the Appropriations Committee did not pass additional and more stringent ones, and permit the appropriation to be made, and the work of rebuilding the Navy to continue. Mr. Randall dodged the question by declaring that the title of an American citizen is a sufficient safeguard for his protection anywhere and under all circonstances. Mr. Randall declared that the proposition was to build vessels that would not be even

tion was to build vessels that would not be even second rate.

"Then why do you not amend the bill, and build vessels that are good?" exclaimed Mr. Reed, of Maine. To this Mr. Randall replied: "You had the House last year, and refused to appropriate a dollar for the ironelads."

There were separate votes on the propositions relating to the cruisers and the monitors. Mr. Calkins moved that the House recede from its agreement to the Senaie amendment authorizing the building of new cruisers, and his notion was rejected—yeas, 30 nays, 147. The only Democrats who voted in the affirmative were Finerty. Dersheimer, Belmont, Morse and J. J. O'Neill.

The motion to agree to the Senate amendment about the monitors was rejected—85 yeas to 139 nays. The only Democrats who voted in the affirmative were Belmont, Finerty and J. J. O'Neill.

SHALL THERE BE COAST DEF ENCEST THE ROUSE TO DECIDE TO-DAY IN A VOTE ON THE FORTIFICATIONS BILL. THY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

Washington, July 1.-It was late this aftermoon when the House resumed consideration of the For-tifications bill. Contrary to general expectation, Mr. Randali did not express any desire to make a set speech in avor of his substitute for the bill reported by a major ity of the committee of which he is chairman. Mr. Ellis, of Louisians, a Democratic member of the sub-committee which proposed the bill, made the speech of to-day. He said that the chairman of the Appropriations Committee had placed himself in the attitude during this session of preventing an effort to reduce the surplus by a reduction of taxation, and now he seemed determined, if practica-ble, to prevent the spending of the surplus for works that are necessary for the defence of the country. Mr. Ramball tried to interrupt defence of the country. Mr. Randall tried to interrupt Mr. Ellis, but the latter declined to yield, and proceeded to deliver a carefully prepared argument in favor of the bill. He is a forelible speaker, and he had evidently given the subject thorough study. He was listened to attentively by members on his own side of the House, Several of whom afterward said that he had convinced them of the necessity of making the appropriation recommended.

Before the adjournment it was agreed that the vote Before the adjournment it was agreed that the vote shall be taken to-morrow morning, first on the substitute reported by Mr. Randail from the inhority of the Appropriations Committee. If that is carried, the bill of the majority of course will fail. In his speech yesterday, discussing the item of \$1.000,000 for the purchase of heavy steel gains, and setting aside \$5,000,000 for the purpose of inducing American manufacturers to build large gaus. Mr. Horr said that Great Britain has more than 500 of these large gains in position behind modern fortifications, while the United States has not a single arge gain, and not a single for where one could be used.

S. S. COX MAKES A DENIAL.

INT TELEGRAPH TO THE TAIRUNE. Washington, July 1 .- S. S. Cox seems to bave taken to heart, agreat deal more than seems neces sary, the statement made in this morning's TRIBUSE to the effect that the Senate amendment providing an appropriation for the proposed Board of Superintendance of printion for the proposed Board of Superintendance of New-York Harbor was defeated at his instance, because his feelings were hurt at seeing the paragraph of which he was the author corrected and put into shape by the Senate. It was distinctly stated that it "was said" Mr. Cor's course in the matter had been so and so. There seemed to be some foundation for the statement, in view of the fact that the paragraph in question, while providing for the appointment of a Board of Superintendence, neglected entirely to make any appropriation for carrying on this work. Mr. Cor., in a personal explanation made in the House this morning, denied the truth of the statement in toto.

THE EDUCATIONAL BILL.

IBT TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. 1 Washington, July 1 .- Republican Senators interested in the success of the Educational bill have not yet abandoned all hope of the passage of that measure at Me session, although the prospects do not seem reassur-

ing. The House Committee has never reported the Senate bill back to the House, but Senator Blair and other friends of the measure think they have reason to believe that by some means it will be brought forward and passed in the closing hours of the session by Republican votes, with the assistance of Abram S. He witt and other prominent Democrats who, they say, are carnestly in favor of it.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR IN POLITICS.

A SILLY ATTEMPT TO DEFEAT CALVIN WELLS-THE WEAKNESS OF HIS OPPONENTS.

INT TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. Pittsburg, July 1.-Considerable interest is taken here in the threatened movement among the Knights of Labor of this State to combine in an effort to defeat Calvin Wells, of this city, one of the Republican electors at large and proprietor of The Philadelphia Press. The trouble originated in the substitution of nonunion for union compositors on The Press. The leaders of the movement profess to be able to command 120,000 voters in the State, about one-half of whom are said to be Republicans. Mr. Wells said te-day that he had written Charles Emory Smith not to accede to the demands of the Knights of Labor. Mr. Wells was hardly prepared to answer a quest'on as to his probable course in case the organization continued the fight, but said that if the Republican party would be likely to suffer by it he would withdraw at once. That mat-

ter he will leave entirely to the Republican State Central Committee. He does not presume to estimate the strength of the opposition which the union could bring to bear upon him, and will leave the matter entirely to the people who placed his name upon the " Tom " Armstrong, one of the proprietors of The Lubor

Tribune, said that such a fight would be made against Mr. Wells. A Philadelphian came here two weeks ago to make inquiries about Mr. Wells's record at home, and to lay the question before the trades unions of this city. It was evident, however, that Mr. Armstrong did not have much faith in the declaration that 120,000 votes could be thrown against Mr. Wells. Observing this the reporter asked what the labor vote of the State was. In reply Mr. Armstrong with a melancholy air pointed to a statement of the labor vote when he was a candidate for Governor. The figures were something ever 25,000. Another representative labor leader, who is a member of the Knights of Labor, and for thai reason does not want his name published, and: "That estimate of the labor vote is a gross exaggeration. I smooth of the labor vote is a gross exaggeration. I know nothing of the merits of the controversy, but my impression is that if an attempt to "hoyeoft" Mr. Wells is made he will scarcely feel it. Instead of there being 120,000 Knights of Labor voters in this State, the total membership in the United States is less than 60,000, and I think it is safe to say that not seeze than two-thirds of these are voters. The expanditudes is rapidly besing its power. Assemblies are lapsing faster than organizing, and to talk of biluring anybody politically is non-sense." Secretary Harrington, of the Phitsburg Typegraphical Union, had Leard nothing of the movement. asked what the labor vote of the State was. In

THE WATER CAN RUN DOWN HILL.

A VICE-CHANCELLOR WHO WOULD NOT ENJOIN IT FROM DOING SO.

INT TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. TRENTON, N. J., July 1 .- The estate of James C Lord owns an iron mine in Morris County and esti, materits worth at \$150,000. The Carbon Iron Manufacturing Company owns an adjacent mine on the same vein of ere. The latter has worked its mines until no ore is and abandon the mines. Their mine has been worked on will result in the flooding of the latter as soon as the Carbon Company's pumps are started. This is partly due to bon Company's pumps are started. This is partly due to
the fact that the former owners of the Carbon mine had
broken through en two occasions into the Lord mine.
The executors of the estate applied to the Court of Chaecery for an injunction against the contemplated "roisbing" of the pillars in the neighboring mine said also
against allowing water to run from the higher mine into
the lower one. Vice Characeller Van Fleet to-day flied
an opinion granting the injunction against the removal
or serious weakening of the pillars of the Carbon mine,
but holding that water ran from that into the lower Lord
mine in accordance with natural laws and could not be
restrained by an order of the Court.

DIAMONDS MYSTERIOUSLY RETURNED.

A SERVANT CHARGED WITH STEALING THEM DE-

NIES HER GUILT. IST TELEGRAPH TO TRETRIBUSE! BUFFALO, July 1 .- Miss Margaret Taylor, a servant at the Mansion House, is now in jail charged with grand larceny. Dr. Charles E. Strasberger and his invalid wife came to Buffalo from Omaha on June 19 | Ou Saturday he was released, but the "Doctor" had and went to the Mansion House. At night the wife placed a bag she had been carrying under the mattress. before he was arrested on a warrant sworn to by a vessels should not be began would be before cold building were tested, which would be before cold building were tested, which was desired. Under the leadership of Eandall, a prominent carchitate for the Presidential nomination, the statement had gone forth that no vessels should be built for the Navy until after the next Presidential built for the Navy until after the next Presidential placetary and the diamonds were worth over \$2,000. In the morning the couple went to Avon and never the morning the couple went to Avon and never the morning the couple went to Avon and never the morning the couple went to Avon and never the morning the couple went to Avon and never the morning the couple went to Avon and never the morning the couple went to Avon and never the morning the couple went to Avon and never the morning the couple went to Avon and never the morning the couple went to Avon and never the morning the couple went to Avon and never the morning the couple were a diamond to the couple w fainted. The husband telegraphed the loss back from fainted. The husband telegraphed the loss back from the first station. Suspicion was found to point toward Margaret raylor, who had been in the room shortly after the guests had left. The girl denied all knowlesige of the diamonds. A few days afterward the diamonds were returned mysteriously. A lady and gentleman occupied the same room, and Sunday night went to church. When they returned they found the diamends in their bureau drawer. The money was not returned. The detectives, after further investigation, decided to make the arrest.

THE SUIT FOR PART OF DULUTH,

DECISION AGAINST THE CLAIMANT-AN APPEAL TO THE SUPREME COURT.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] St. Paul, Minn., July 1 .- The suit of Fredcrick Prentice, of Toledo, Ohio, against Orzard B. Stearns, of Duluth, involving a large tract of land at Duluth and \$3,000,000, which has been argued in the United States Circuit Court in this city, before Justice Miller, has been disposed of so far as this court is concerned. Justice Miller decides adversely to Prentice's Duluth claims, and states that Armstrong, who had deeded the property to the plaintiff, had been properly designated by the Indian the plaintiff, had been properly designated by the Indian chief Buffalo as the person entitled to the section of land mentioned in the treaty; that the deed from Armstrong to the plaintiff was properly executed, but that the description of the property in that deed failed to describe the property in suit, or to convey any land beyond that specifically described in the deed by metes and bounds, the deed in this respect not being helped by the words immediately following the particular description, "being the lands set off to Chef Buffalo by the treaty of September, 1854," etc. The case will be taken to the United States Supreme Court by the plaintiff.

FIGHTING WITH BARE KNUCKLES.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] TRENTON, July 1 .- Samuel Lloyd, jr., and John Boyce, amateur pugliists of this city, engaged in a slugging match, in the presence of a small audience of "sporting" men, across the Delaware, in Morrisville, Bucks County, last night. Boyce is 5 feet 10 inches high, and weighs 170 pounds. Lloyd is five inches shorter and for \$25 a side and personal satisfaction. The contest began about 10 o'clock and instead for an hour, six rounds being fought. Lloyd drew first blood is the first round, and punished his antagenist around the body severely in each succeeding one until the seventh, when Boyee failed to come to time, when Lloyd was given the stakes. His face was badly cut and scratched.

A JEALOUS HUSBAND SENTENCED.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. NEW-HAVEN, July 1 .- Charles H. Goldborough, colored, while intoxicated yesterday afternoon got into a fight with his wife. She ran out of the front do of the house and he followed her with a shotgun. He poured the contents of one of the barrels, a heavy charge of bird-shot, into the breast and face of his wife. She tottered and fell. The man was arrested and he explained that he was jealous. Thirty shot were extracted from the face and shoulders of the woman. Goldborough was sentenced for a year.

NEW-YORK MOULDERS SEEKING AID.

INT TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE! PITTSBURG, July 1 .- John Ryan, a representative of the locked out moulders of Albany and Troy, N. men of this region. The moulders are inclined to regard the strategic point of their contest as on the Hudson and to bring their strength to bear on the stove manufacturers there. Should they recover the reduction forced on them in Troy and Albany, the road to an arrangement of the difficulties in the West would be comparatively clear, they think.

BOSTON CUSTOMS RECEIPTS. [ET TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Boston, July 1 .- The receipts at the Boston Custom House for June amounted to \$1,689,274 75, a decrease of \$697,365 as compared with the receipts of June, 1883. The receipts for the first half of this year were \$10,323,619 62, against \$10,174,451 for the first half of 1883.

terneon for Charles Evans's cometery, Michael Reilly,

THROUGH NEW-YORK STATE.

A NEW RACE OF ANIMALS.

Kingston, July 1 .- A few years ago a large female dog of the Newfoundland species strayed from its owner, wandering off to a forest eight miles back of Poughkeepsie. It is now alleged that she has since been herding with the foxes and other wild animals which abound in that region, and as a result a new race of heast has been produced in which the leading characterhas been produced in which the leading characteristics of the dog and fox tribe are curiously combined, and a strange element of fercetty, unknown to either of those species, is added. The new animals are large and resemble the Newfoundland dog somewhat in appearance, but they are said to possess the siy cuming of the fox, which they exhibit in large measure. They are reported to have become numerous of late, and they came out from their forest abode more boldly than before. They are said to attack persons when found alone, unprotected or unarmed.

DISSOLUTION OF AN IRON FIRM.

Kingsron, July 1 .- Tuckerman, Mulligan & Co., extensive iron manufacturers in Saugerties village, and proprietors of the Ulster Iron Works there, have dissolved partnership. The works are closed and a large force of men are suddenly thrown out of employment. The iron manufactured at these mills has long had a reputation among dealers and machinists as being of exceptional superiority in quality, and "Uister iron" has been a leading standard brand for many years. It is announced that a new firm will soon assume charge of the

FUNERAL OF WILLIAM A. BEACH.

TROY, July 1 .- The funeral of William A. Reach took place this afternoon at St. Paul's Church, the Rev. Dr. Francis Harrison officiating. The pall-bearers were Justice C. R. Ingal's, Levi Smith, Each Cowen, John B. Pierson, Daniel Robinson, John D. Spier, Augustus C. Smith and ex-Mayor Murpay, Many prominent members of the county bar and leading citizens were present. The interment took place in Oakwood Cemetery, Troy.

MR. BLAINE AT HALLOWELL ACADEMY.

HIS ADDRESS TO THE GRADUATING CLASS ON AWARDING THE DIPLOMAS. BY TRUEGRAPH TO THE TRUECNES!

Augusta, July 1.-The graduation exercises at the Hallowell Classical Academy took place this after-neon and Mr. Blaine was present. He was loudly cheered when he entered the hall and took his seat on the stand. Mr. Blaine consented to award the diplomas to the gradu-

ating class, when he made the following remarks:

It affords no much pleasure to be the medium through which the trustees present to you your diplomis. I am glad to have had some part in the foundation of the Hallowell Classical School. For many years I was one of the Board of Trustees and they did me the honor to elect me chairman of the hoard. Or late years I have not been a member, but that fail did not bessen my interest in the school or my watchfulness of its prosperity. Its location from the very first was a favorable one. I consider the institution fortunate in being surreunoisal by a population of such great intelligence and moral worth, and who have become personally interested in its growth. Without saying anything disparaging to other places, I doubt if many towns in the country would farmish so large and so intelligent as anticesee on such an uncomfortably warm day, who would leave their employment for the purpose of witnessing such a ceremony as this. I have witnessed the proceedings here from time to time, and have observed the great interest on the part of the citizens of Hallowell, in the growth and prosperity of the academy. It has been recognized from the beginning as one of the beginning to band you your diplomas.

Mr. Blaine passed to each their testimonial and then

Mr. Blaine passed to each their testimonial and then

In knoding you these I wish you all blessings and pros-perity through life.

Mr. Blaine will be present to-morrow at the graduation exercises at Colby University. He will not make any

CHARGED WITH MARRYING TEN WOMEN. (BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.)

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 1.-" Doctor " Hirseb-berg, who was captured by the police immediately after his release from the workhouse, proves, according to reports, to be the most extensively married man who has been seen on Kentucky soil for many days. He was presented to the City Court six weeks ago on a charge of bigamy, and Judge Thompson sent him to the workhouse before he was arrested on a warrant sworn to by a woman from Chicago charging him with bigomy, and as a result he is again in [aft. The Chicago woman says that she has information that she is his tenth wife. She is a German. Before this at Bullado he married an Irish girl. The next one was at Cleveland. Still later at Montreal he took unto himself a French girl. At New-Orleans a mulatto was added, and since then he has married six different American women. Induct, she says she is well satisfied that she is his latest victim.

NEW-HAMPSHIKE SENATORSHIP.

[BY TELLGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Boston, July 1 .- A dispatch from Concord, N. H., to The Journal says: Prominent Republican poli-ticians in Concord to-day say that plans are already being laid for the next United States Senatorship from this State. It is understood that the following men are, or soon will be, active candidates in the field: Henry W. Biair, of Manchester, the present incumbent; General Gilman Marsion, of Excier; Edward H. Rollins, William E. Chandler, of Concord; Ossian Ray, of Lancaster; James W. Patterson, of Hanover; and Charles H. Burns, of Wilton.

TO ENFORCE MILWAUKEE'S SUNDAY LAW.

MILWAUKEE, July 1 .- The Citizens' League has decided to attempt the enforcement of the Sunday law, which demands that all dram shops shall be closed on that day. This movement will necessarily include a dozen large parks under the management of the leading rewing companies, and the Germans, together with the 10,000 liquor dealers now licensed, will resist the at-10,000 liquor dealers how heerised, will resist the sitempt. The law has heretofore been utterly disregarded,
every form of liquor laterest running while open on Sunday. The first and test case will be that of a rum-hole
called the "Y. M. C. A." which opened last week, next
door to the Young Men's Carlstian Association Hall and
took that name. The association was strenous in its
opposition to granting a license to this place, but the
Council sided with the liquor dealer.

SYNCHRONOUS MULTIPLEX SYSTEM.

Boston, July 1.-The synchronous multi plex telegraph system was exhibited on Mon-day evening to the press of Boston and a few electriciana. Mr. Delany had the wire arranged for six Morse operators at each end, over which messages were received from Providence for five minutes. In that time the six operators received a total of 688 words or 137 per minute and 23 per minute per operator, every word coming without the omission of a dot. Then with equal success, six messages were sent simultoneously to fravitience, and then three in each direction. After that the wire was divided for twelve operators, only six being used, and the words were received with equal facility except at a much slower rate of speed. The exhibition concluded with the simultaneous operation of the Morse and printing machines. the Morse and printing machines.

SYMPIOMS OF HYDROPHOBIA.

PITTSBURG, July 1.-John Donaldson, while walking along Ohio-st., Allegheny City, last night, was suddenly attacked with all the symptoms of hydrophobia. He was removed to the Central Station, where it took fix men to hold him. All night he howled and barked like a dog, frothed at the mouth, and exhibited a decided aver dog, frother at the mouth, and exhausted a decided was sion to water. This morning he was no better and the physicians have no hopes for his recovery. Two rears ago, in Portland, Ohto, Donaldson was bitten by a dog, but as the wound heated rapidly no alarm was felt and the victim thought no more about it.

MURDERED ON THE HIGH SEAS. NEW-ORLEANS, July 1 .- The officers of the steamer Chalmette, which arrived here on Saturday from New-York, reported that on June 22 H. Westfall, a fireman, of Hoboken, N. Y., died from the effects being overheated, and was buried at sea Testimony showed that Vincent, the second engineer, knocked Westfall down and kicked him seven or eight times about the breast and neck. Vincent was sent to writen without hall

A GIFT FROM C. P. HUNTINGTON. SAN FRANCISCO, July 1 .- The Young Women's Christian Association of this city acknowledged today the receipt of a check for \$1,000 from C. P. Huntington, of New York.

PUSHED INTO THE RIVER.

John McGrath, of No. 137 East Thirty-seventh-st., called at Police Headquarters last night and told Inspector Dilks that his seven-year old son, John, had A SURPRISE ON RETURNING FROM A FUNERAL

INT TRIEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

READING, Penn., July 1.—After the funeral of Mrs. Margaret Eisenhower had left the house this af-

ENGLAND AND EGYPT.

ANOTHER MOTION OF CENSURE.

EARL GRANVILLE AGREES WITH MR. GLADSTONE'S

REMARKS-THE CONFERENCE. LONDON, July 1 .- There was a large meeting of Conservative peers this morning at the Marquis of Salisbury's residence to consider what action is to be taken on the Franchise bill and the Esyptian question in the House of Lords. It was unanimously decided to support the Earl of Carnaryon's motion censuring the Government's Egyptian policy. The question of taking a division on the motion will depend, however, on Earl Granville's reply. The policy to be pursued toward the Franchise bill was left to the party leader for

further consideration.

In the House of Lords the Earl of Cairns gave notive that he intended to meet the second reading of the Franchise bill with a motion to the effect that the bill is incomplete. On the introduction of the Earl of Carnarvon's motion of censure of the Government's Egyptian policy, Earl Granville, Foreign Secretary of State, expressed his agreement with the remarks made yesterday by Mr. Gladstone in the Honse of Commons. The subject was thereupon dropped.

In the House of Commons Mr. Gladstone stated that the second reading of the Municipal bill would be taken on Thursday.

The London correspondent of The Manchester Guardian says: The Conference has given a favorable reception to England's financial proposals regarding Egypt. It is expected that the deliberations of the Conference will reach a successful

Earl Granville, Foreign Secretary of State, on Saturday received a dispatch from General Gordon giving assurances of his health and safety. The date of the dispatch is unknown.

Catro, July 1.-Nubar Pacha, the Egyptian Prime Minister, says that a reduction of the taxes to the amount of £410,000 will be inadequate to prevent the fellaheen from being obliged to resort to the usurers. A revision of the British scheme will, in his opinion, be necessary before the year

is out.

Romy, July 1.—Signor Mancini, Minister of Foreign Affairs, in the Senate to-day, stated that negotiations had been opened with the Governor of Dongola who is credited with having cutred into an entente cordiale with the rebels, with the into an estente cordiale with the robels, with the view of ransoming the Italian missionaries in the Soudan.

THE CHOLERA IN EUROPE. PERCAUTIONS AGAINST THE SPREAD OF THE DIS-

EASE-ACTION OF THE UNITED STATES. Paris, July 1.—There were three deaths from dolers at Marsell'es last uight, and four at Toulou. The are eager to get away. Italy has sent a transport to take the Italians home from the plague stricken cities. The news from Marsetlles and Toulon is again of an alarming

travellers at the Paris rullway stations. fled with the precautions taken by England against the cholers. It has, therefore, ordered that all vessels arriving at Spanish ports direct from England shall be de-tained three days for observation. Those arriving from England by way of non-infected French ports, shall be subject to seven day's quarantine; those by way of in feeted French ports to ten days, if they have a clean bill of health, and frnot, to fifteen days. The same conditions

Totton, July 1.—The steamer Mistral from Marseilles arrived in the harbor of Toulon having a case of cholera on board. The vessel was ordered to be quarantined. The captain and the entire crew, including the sick man, abandoned the vessel and took refuge in the woods.

will apply to vessels from England which take passen-

gers, luggage or goods from vessels from France.

Gendarmes are searching for them.

BERLIN, July 1.—The Cholera Commission, which during the last year has been studying the disease in Egypt and India, has presented its complete report to the Government. Dr. Koch, who was at the head of the Cholera Commission, is about to start for Paris and Toulon to offer his services to the French authorities to determine the character of the epidemic.

duction of cholera the authorities have decided to subject vessels arriving at this port to a quarantine of ten days. Coppshages, July 1.—All vessels arriving in Deumark from French ports are subjected to quarantine.

Matra, July 1.—Vessels arriving here from Marseilles and Toulon are subject to quarantine of twenty-

one days.

Caiso, July 1.—Passengers leaving France later than Monday will not be allowed to land at Cairo.

MALTA, June 1.—All vessels arriving here from Toulon will be subjected to twenty-one days quarantine.

will be subjected to twenty-one days quarantine.

Marstilles, July L. Vessels arriving here are prohibited from landing passengers from infected ports.

Washington, July L.—The Polamaster-General yesterday sent a dispatch to the British Government inquiring whether the French mails for America sent by English steamships were disinfected. A reply was received to day to the effect that no such percautions were taken. The matter will be brought to the attention of the Cabinet as it may become necessary for the Government to take some steps to prevent choicra being imported into this country through foreign mails. It is believed at the Department, however, that when the local quarantine authorities of the large Atlantic cities learn that the French mails by way of England are not finnigated they will inspect them without reference to any action of the National Government. tional Government,

CUBA AND THE UNITED STATES. NO INTENTION OF SELLING THE ISLAND AND NO

DESIRE TO BUY IT. Madrid, July 1 .- In the Chamber of Deputies yesterday Señor Valdosera introduced a bill provid-

ing for an improvement of the situation of affairs in

Cuba. The principal clause of the bill proposes a refuction of the export and an increase of the import duties on sugar, and direct that Spain shall negotiate new treatles of commerce in Cuba's interest with foreign nadens. Other clauses effect economics in the Cubau oudget and provide for the conversion of the Cuban debt. In the Senate, Senor Canovas del Castillo, the Prime Minister, stated that Spain had absolutely no intention of selling Cuba. An important interview occurred yesterday selling Cuba. An important interview occurred yesterday between John W. Foster, the American Minister, and Senor Canovas del Castillo and Senor J. de Eddagen, Minister of Foreign affairs. The Spanish Minister showed a desire to arrive at an equitable commercial arrangement. Mr. Foster assured them that America was animated with amicable views regarding trade with Cuba and as far as possible would feel inclined to meet the views of Spain and Cuba. He declared that America had no wish to assume further political responsibilities. He thought, however, that something must be done for Cuba quickly. Mexico was already importing sugar into America free. Unless Cuba and the English West India Islands secured equal terms it was evident that their best market was lost.

Hayaxa, June 26.—A report is current that Captain.

evident that their best market was lost.

Havana, June 26.—A report is current that CaptainGeneral Castillo recently consulted the various Provincial Governors of the island regarding the adoption of
more vigorous measures for the repression of the revolutionary factions. Only a few days since small parties of
insurgents devastated plantations at Santa Maria and
La Merced, where the troops arrived too late. They had
a profitless fight with a force entrenched in an empty
house. This ill-advised way of coutending with rebellion
has suggested to the Captain-General the idea of forming in each rural district flying columns to presecute the
war just as it is prosecuted by the insurgent bands.

NEWS NOTES FROM LONDON.

universal suffrage for the election of Senators. M. Andrieux proposed to add to Clause 2 a provision prohibiting members of former reigoing families from becoming eligible to the office of President. Prime Minister Ferry agreed to the adoption of the provision, but asked that it be included in Clause 8, to which M. Andrieux assented.

A TORY PAPER TRYING TO HURT BLAINE. LONDON, July 1 .- The Standard this morning says: "Influential Irish-Americans have urged Mr. Parnell to issue an address to the Irish voters in America, requesting them to support Mr. Blaine in the Presidential

contest, in the lopes that his election would result in fomenting difficulties between England and the United States. Mr. Parnell has heretofore declined to accede to a request of this nature. AN ORANGE CELEBRATION IN NEWRY. NEWRY, July 1.-The Orangemen here to-day elebrated the 194th anniversary of the battle of Boyne Hills. Bouffres were lighted in various parts of town. Λ procession preceded by bands marched through the streets carrying an effigy marked "The Traitor Lundy," which was afterward burned. The police dispersed a crowd of Nationalists which had gathered and were stoning the procession.

INCIDENTS IN THE DOMINION.

Toronto, July 1 .- Dominion Day was generally observed throughout Canada. The military parade was the largest that has ever taken place in the Domin-Canada present, embracing all arms of service except the ogineers. The troops assembled in Ciarence Square and currounding streets and marched along the principal streets to Queen's Park, where the review took place. The heat was intense, and on the lime of march the men suffered greatly. In the afternoon the bleyele clubs paraded and games were held on the lacrosse grounds.

A dispatch from London to The Globe says: The an-A dispatch from London to The Globe says: The annual meeting of the Canada Northwest Land Company was held to-day. The chairman partly approved the circulars recently issued by Lord Eiphinstone, in which a change of pelicy in the matter of immigration was recommended. After the chairman had left, Donald Smith, Mr. McIntyre and others oblected that the meeting had not been properly advarned, and was, therefore, still in existence. Thereupon Lord Eiphinstone was voted into the chair, and resolutions were passed advaringing the meeting to this day three months, and calling upon the present directors to resign.

St. JOHN, N. E. July I.—The four-cared crew which is

Sr. John, N. B., July 1, -The four-pared crew which is to compete in the Fourth of July regatta at Boston, namely. Hagler, Vail, Damery and Amos, started yesterday. Wallace Ross also started yesterday for Oak Polat, N. Y. He received a letter on Saturday announcing that Feemer had covered his deposit.

Victoria, B. C., July 1.—An explosion at the Welling-

FRAGMENTS OF CABLE NEWS. BERLIN, July L.—Arcsidence has been engaged for the Emperer William in Gastein, in Austria. He is expected to arrive there July 15. He will probably meet the Em-peror Francis Joseph at Isch or Salzburg.

St. Perensura, July 1 - The differences between the Russian anarchist and moderate socialists have been ar-ranged. Mutual concessions were made.

St. Petrespung, July 1.—The Normali arges the Government to distribute the army throughout the trans-Casplan territories, so as to exercise pressure on Kashgar, Murghat, Hervind and Afghantsto.

TROUBLE WITH INDIANS FEARED.

MILES CITY, Mont., July 1.—The committee ppointed by the citizens of Eastern Montana to-day telaphed Secretay Telier urging the immediate removal of the Northern Cheyenne Indians new on the Tongue and Rosebud rivers. There are now more than 900 without rations, having nothing to subsist on except range

MAUD S. TO BE EXERCISED AT CLEVELAND

CINCINNATI, July 1.-Captain George N. stone, of this city, the former owner of Maud S., has reselved a dispatch from W. H. Vanderbilt, saying that he will spend a few weeks at Sharon Springs, and will send Mand S. back to Cincinnati with instructions for Mr. Bair to keep her in good condition until he wants her for road use. Mr. Bair does not think it advisable to give her any more fast work over a half mile track. Arrangements have been made for Bair to take. Mand S. and four other trotters to Cleveland, where they can be exercised over a good mile track.

EMBARRASSMENTS IN BUSINESS.

St. Louis, July 1.-Yarnall Bros., baking powder, etc., have made an assignment to J. T. Donovan. The assets are \$55,000, and imblifiles \$50,000. Halifax, July 1.—Bremner & Hart, shipping and West Indies merchants, one of the leading mercantile firms of this city, have suspended payment and are about to make an assignment. Their Habilities and assets are un-

PORTLAND, Ore. July 1 .- Mellis Bros., wholesale deal ers in millinery and fancy goods, failed yesterday. Liabilities \$100,000, nominal assets \$120,000.

THE ARMY OF THE TENNESSEE.

St. Paul, July 1.-Preparations are being made for the meeting of the Society of the Army of Ten-nessee, at Lake Minnetonka, August 13 and 14. General W. T. Sherman will preside. General Grant has signified his intention of being present. The annual oration will be delivered by Colonel Azro Dodds.

ARRIVALS AT RAWLEY SPRINGS.

HARRISONBURG, Va., July 1 .- Among the arrivals at Hawley Springs to-day were the Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage and family, and Mrs. J. E. B. Stuart and daugh-ter. Mrs. John A. Logan will arrive about July 15.

FATAL RAILWAY ACCIDENT IN IOWA. KEOKUK, Iowa, July 1 .- In the wreck of the onstruction train on the Chicago, Burlington and Kaneas City Railroad which fell through the Grand River Bridge last night, about twenty-five men were thrown into the river. Of these from ten to fifteen were injured and several may die. Frederick Young, of Milan, Mo. and John Long, of Summer, were killed, and it is reported that three other balles have been taken from the wreek by the divers who have been at work there to-day.

AN AWARD NOT ACCEPTABLE.

PHILADELPHIA, July 1.-The grand jury in the case of the old Tucker farm and the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has made a return recommending an award of damages amounting to \$55,900. The farm was in the direct line of the company's new Germantown branch. The owners of the property contend that an equitable adjustment of the damages should not fall short of \$100,000, and they will appeal to the Common Pleas

LOWEST PRICE FOR WHEAT. BALTIMORE, July 1 .- Spot wheat to-day

reached the lewest point since the organization of the Corn and Flour Exchange of this city. The bid was 94 cents and the market closed dail. The absence of a for-cign demand and the incoming heavy crop are at-tributed as the causes for this lowest price for more than

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

THE FIRST DELAWARE WHEAT.

PHILADELPHIA, July 1.—The first car of this year's crop of Delaware wheat was received to-day. It graded No. 2 Delaware, and was sold at \$1 10 per bushel.

ELEVEN MILLIONS PAID OUT.

PHILADELPHIA, July 1.—There were crowds at several of the city banks to-day where interest and dividends were being paid out. The amount disbursed in the city to-day on Government, State, city and other loans amounted, it is estimated, to fully \$11,000,000.

WORKING FOR BUTLER.

EFFORTS TO IMPRESS THE DEMOCRATS.

HIS MANAGERS PREPARING A DEMONSTRATION I CHICAGO-NOTES BEFORE THE CONVENTION. INT TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBENEL!

CHICAGO, July 1.-The situation here in regard to the National Democratic Convention is devoid of excitement. A few of the advance guard are on the ground, but their presence is not felt, and the element which could lend an air of reality to the approaching Convention, the local workers and shouters of the Democrat faith, have gone to Peoria to attend the State Convention. Never before in recent years has Chicago sent such numbers to a State Democratic Convention or in such lavish style. The fight between the Iroquois Club and the common Democratic crowd resulted in the latter's decking themselves out in tall white hats and blue suits in overwhelming numbers, and in throwing themselves upon Peoria in such force as practically to demonstrate where the vote of the party springs from. There is little doubt that in point of uproat and numbers the Democratic gathering will far outstrip the Republican National Convention. The pins have been placed for an enormous outpouring of the masses, to greet General Butler on his arrival and to pave the way for a strong can-vass in his behalf in the convention. Mr. Plympton, who is in active control of the Butler bo is working here with the Socialist leaders and heads of the labor organizations for a parade on the night of Butler's arrival, and the boastful

admirers of the Massachusetts man of destiny de-

clare that 20,000 marchers will be in line

The Butler canvass is about all that has been developed thus far, outwardly, and its supposed proportions have really taken on a size that at least causes it to be an exciting local theme, where only a week ago the Cleveland hurrah was about the only thing to be heard among the Illinois Democratic hosts. The alleged conference in New-York to force the candidacy of But-ler has been given considerable credence here in view of the efforts made to start a great cry here in his behalf. The work of arranging the conven-tion hall is proceeding rapidly, and the interior effect will be a wide departure from that of the Republican Convention. Instead of a great vista, the platform has been placed at the west side of the hall, and the space in front of the stage will only be sufficient to accommodate the delegates and alternates. They will be flanked on either side by the spectators in rising tiers of seats, and the general effect will be that of a vast amphitheatre. A system of plain decoration has been chosen, which, while being simpler than the Republican, will still be handsome and tasteful, Festoon of red and blue bunting will be suspended along the entire length of the galleries and taken

up in thirty-eight different places by shields bearing the arms of the various States.

The only official act of the Committee on Decora-

tion as a committee was to quarrel over adding a pleture of Tilden to those of Douglas, Jackson, Jefferson and Seymour. The "Sage's" letter of declination decided the committee to put him up along with the rest, the opposition having been provoked by a belief that he was a candidate, The stage will have a simple flag of the Union draped about it, and if it is A suite of five rooms was engaged at the Grand A suite of five rooms was engaged at the Grand Pacific Hotel this morning, in which the interests of Roswell P. Flower are to be cared for. D. L. Gibbons is on the ground to look after the Flower boom, and speaks confidently of Mr. Flower having fully thirty of the New-York delegation, while ten others, he declared, are divided between Bayard and other candidates, and the entire forty are anti-Cleveland. General Lester B. Faulkner and John C. Jacobs are announced as the gentlemen who will especially look after the interests of Mr. Flower and will arrive the last of the present week. General Butler telegraphed friends in this city that he would arrive on Saturday, when the estimp Massachusetts delegation will put in an appearance. On Friday morning the unattached phalanx from Massachusetts, which comes to push the interests of Butler, will arrive to assist in marshalling the army of the people which is expected to welcome the hero of Tewksbury. General "Tom" Clunic, one of the delegates-atlarge from California and who is here in advance of his delegation, offers the suggestion that the Californians have not yet heard of the death of Tilden, dead or alive, first, last and all the time. Pacific Hotel this morning, in which the interests

BARNUM AND MANNING CONFERRING.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] ALBANY, July 1 .- W. H. Barnum arrived here this afternoon on the Eastern train at about 3 o'clock, and immediately telephoned for Daniel S. Manning. In the course of seven minutes Mr. Manning appeared at the Delavan House and the two men engaged in close conversation for half an hour in the ladies' reception room. Mr. Manning finally proposed to Mr. Barnum to repair to The Argus Building for better seclusion, and they walked away to that refuge. They remained there for an hour, and then Mr. Barnum went to New York on the 6 o'clock train. The substance of the interview is unknown. It is believed to refer the Democratic nomines at Chicago next week, but what its purport is is unknown.

HE WOULD "BOLT" BUTLER.

PITTSBURG, July 1.-Colonel James 7. Barr, one of the proprietors of The Post, the only Democratic daily in Western Pennsylvania, takes no stock in the aleged New-York conference which is credited with having selected " Ben " Butler as the man who can save the Irish vote from Blaine. The Colonel has charge of the plainly to-day: "If Butler is nominated I will not vote for him." Alderman Rellly will follow suit. "Tom" Armstrong, of WeLabor Tribune, thinks Butler's chances are good, and is wearing a dainty gold spoon as a Butler badge. One hundred members of the Irving Club, of this city, go to Chicago to shout for Tilden. Cieveland is their second choice. They don't want either Randall of Butler.

INSTRUCTED FOR CLEVELAND. The Young Men's Democratic Club of Brooklyn last evening adopted a resolution instructing the del-egates of the Club appointed to go to the Chicago Convention, to urge the nomination of Governor Cleveland. An amendment to substitute the name of Senator Bayard was voted down by a large majority.

TAMMANY'S FINAL PREPARATIONS. JOHN KELLY SAYS A MAN ACCEPTABLE TO LABOR-ING MEN MUST BE NOMINATED.

John Kelly's broad brimmed Panama hung on a nail in Tammany Hail last night, and by covering tup the greater part of one word changed the prohibition against smoking into an injunction which the majority of 200 " statesmen " lobeyed. There was little air stirring outside the hall, and the meeting room was not inviting. The Committee on Organization was engaged in completing the arrangements for the pilgrimage to Chicago. Chairmen of district organizations were buying tickets and receiving hotel checks and orders on an uptown hatter NEWS NOTES FROM LONDON.

LONDON, July 1.

FOXNALL SOLD—Lord Rosebery has purchased the face horse Foxball, paying \$4.500.

A CONSERVATIVE ELECTRD—The processing to fill a vascification of the control o for high white "tiles" at half price. By the time that the committee was called to order the bulk of the work for